Report on Governor’s Amendments to 2012-14 Appropriations Act
with House and Senate Amendments
(HB1500/SB800)

Sources of Information
The 2012-14 Appropriation Act (HB1500/SB800) is available at


The University’s Office of State Governmental Relations maintains the most recent analysis of the Budget Bill and the 2013 General Assembly Session at http://www.virginia.edu/governmentalrelations/.

Compensation and Benefits
Salary Increase – The Governor left in place a 2 percent salary increase on July 10, 2013. As applied to U.Va., this action results in an across-the-board salary increase for classified employees who meet expectations and a merit-based increase for University staff, Administrative and Professional (A&P) faculty, and Teaching and Research (T&R) faculty. (Item 468, page 430)

The House provides funding to increase the salary adjustment for college faculty from 2 percent to an average of 3 percent, effective August 10, 2013. The House keeps in place a 2 percent salary increase, effective August 10, 2013, for other state employees and adds a base salary increase of $50 per service year (up to 30 years) for employees who have five or more years of continuous state service.

The Senate provides funding for a 3 percent salary increase for faculty and staff effective July 10, 2013. The Senate directs the Secretary of Administration to convene a work group comprised of representatives from the Department of Human Resource Management (DHRM), the Department of Planning and Budget (DPB), and the Senate Finance and House Appropriations Committees to conduct a comprehensive study of compensation for state employees. The study, to be completed by June 30, 2014, shall address compression, recruitment, retention, hiring practices, and strategies to minimize future compensation disparities. (Item 66, page 45) The Senate instructs the Director of the DHRM to provide instructions/guidelines to institutions of higher education for the preparation of an annual statement of total compensation for each employee, as recommended by JLARC in 2008. (Item 83, page 67)

Health Benefits for Part-time Employees – In accordance with the federal Affordable Care Act, the Governor adds language that employees working 30 hours or more per week on average per month be considered, for health benefits purposes only, full-time employees eligible to participate in the health benefits plan with the standard contribution. Wage employees may not work more than 29 hours per week on average per month. (Sec. 4-7.01, page 535) The House
introduces language to clarify that wage employees may not work more than 29 hours per week on average per month over a 12-month period. The Senate leaves the Governor’s proposed language in place.

Surcharge for Transition from VRS to Defined Contribution Plan – This House and Senate introduce language clarifying that the employer-paid surcharge charged for employees who transition from the traditional VRS system to a defined contribution retirement plan does not apply to employee groups that have traditionally had the option of participating in the Higher Education Optional Retirement plan (i.e., employees engaged in teaching, administrative or research duties at institutions of higher education and University of Virginia Medical Center employees). (Item 468, page 432)

Research and Economic Development

Medical Research at Virginia Tech – The Governor provides $972,883 general funds in FY14 to support brain disorder research at Virginia Tech. (Item 225, page 198) The House and Senate maintain the Governor’s proposed funding.

Medical Research at VCU – The Governor provides $250,000 general funds in FY14 to support the Parkinson’s and Movement Disorders Center at Virginia Commonwealth University. (Item 208, page 186) The House provides VCU with $175,000 general funds in FY14 to support Alzheimer’s research and the Palliative Care program and $1 million general funds in FY14 to expand cancer research. The Senate provides $92,500 to VCU to support the Alzheimer’s and Related Diseases Research Award Fund.

Partnership between Eastern Virginia Medical School and others – The House provides $125,000 general funds in FY14 to Old Dominion University to plan a joint School of Public Health with Eastern Virginia Medical School (EVMS) and $50,000 general funds to EVMS to study increased collaboration and development of academic and research programs and to evaluate options for the applicable relationship between EVMS, the College of William & Mary, or other Virginia higher education institutions. The Senate provides $200,000 general funds to William & Mary to plan activities associated with a potential merger/partnership between W&M and EVMS.

Higher Education

Achieving Goals of the HEOA – The Governor added language that anticipated future funding to support the goals of Virginia Higher Education Opportunity Act of 2011 (HEOA, aka Top Jobs for the 21st Century (TJ21) will occur by category as follows: base operating costs (30%), financial aid (10%), degree incentives (16%), enrollment growth (24%), and initiatives/research (20%). The House and Senate eliminate this language. (Item 195, page 178)

Reallocation of General Funds to Support HEOA Goals – In lieu of budget reductions, the Governor directs each public higher education institution to set aside in FY14 the equivalent of 5 percent of its FY12 general funds support for educational and general (E&G) operations to reallocate toward the goals of the HEOA. The 5 percent reallocation is the combination of 2
percent in the current Appropriation Act and an additional 3 percent proposed by the Governor. (Item 195, page 177; Item 202, page 181) The **House** reduces the reallocation toward the goals of the HEOA to the original 2 percent, instead allowing institutions to allocate up to an additional 3 percent of its E&G funds to address faculty compensation issues, operation and maintenance of new facilities, or other institutional initiatives/priorities. The **Senate** reduces the required toward the goals of the HEOA to the original 2 percent.

*Higher Education Restructuring Financial and Administrative Standards* – Currently, the information technology standard is to complete projects exceeding $1 million on time and on budget against their managed project baseline; any exception would cause the Secretary of Technology to review the circumstances. The **Governor** has expanded the scope to include projects of less than $1 million if the project has high risk or complexity, is critical to the immediate security or safety of Commonwealth citizens, is a component of a larger IT project, or if the Governor has requested additional oversight. (Item 4-9.02.b.d.6, page 541) The **House** and **Senate** eliminate the Governor’s scope expansion. Additionally, the **House** and **Senate** makes language changes to reflect recommendations by the Higher Education Advisory Committee and SCHEV with regard to the process of assessing institutional performance under higher education restructuring and the Top Jobs legislation.

*Long-term Funding Policy for Higher Education* – The **Governor** directs the Secretaries of Education and Finance, Higher Education Advisory Committee, Director of DPB, Executive Director of SCHEV, and House Appropriation/Senate Finance staff to develop, by September 15, 2013, a long-term funding policy for higher education consistent with the goals and guidelines set forth in the Virginia Higher Education Opportunity Act of 2011. (Item 130, page 104) The **House** adds language authorizing the Secretary of Education, in consultation with the Virginia Community College System and the Board of Education, to coordinate with other stakeholders from school divisions, higher education institutions, and the private business sector to consider and review potential planning steps necessary to develop and implement a conceptual model for an Integrated School of the Future.

*College Preparatory Laboratory Schools* – The **Governor** provides $600,000 general funds in FY14 to plan for the development and implementation of innovative education programs and to promote greater cooperation and coordination between institutions of higher education for preschool to grade 12 students through the establishment of College Partnership Laboratory Schools. The Secretary of Education is authorized to select institutions of higher education to receive funding. (Item 130, page 103) The **House** and **Senate** maintain the Governor’s proposal.

*Establish Virginia Center for Excellence in Teaching* – The **Governor** provides $220,000 general funds in FY14 to establish the Virginia Center for Excellence in Teaching, which will offer a series of residential summer professional development academies for exemplary teachers. The Department of Education will solicit competitive proposals for funding from institutions of higher education to create and operate the Center. (Item 131, page 105) The **House** and **Senate** maintain the Governor’s proposal.
Innovative Education Technical Advisory Group – The Governor adds $100,000 general funds in FY14 (for a total of $200,812) to support the Innovative Education Technical Advisory Group to assist the establishment of charter, college laboratory, or virtual schools or other instructional delivery or school governance models in Virginia. (Item 137, page 109) The House and Senate maintain the Governor’s proposal.

Virginia Scholarship Assistance Program – The Governor eliminates language requiring the College Scholarship Assistance Program to allocate discretionary financial aid funds based on a need-based model approved by SCHEV. Instead, allocations will be made for purposes of addressing student retention and graduation. (Item 144, page 146) The House eliminates the $4.4 million general fund match in FY14 for the College Scholarship Assistance Program, which was terminated by the federal government effective in FY14. The Senate redirects $2.1 million in FY14 from the College Scholarship Assistance Program to other need-based aid priorities in higher education.

Tuition Assistance Grants – The Governor adds $600,000 general funds in FY14 (for a total of $1.85 million) to the tuition assistance grants (TAG) designated for the Virginia Military Survivors and Dependents Program (VMSDP). Additionally, the Governor transfers funding from FY13 to FY14 to accommodate changes in enrollment and award amount; this action will increase the grant award from $2,800 to $3,100 for undergraduate students and from $1,300 to $1,500 for graduate and medical students. (Item 144, page 146 and 148) The House increases the annual VMSDP stipend from $1,500 to $2,000 as a result of the Governor’s proposed additional funding. The Senate redirects the $3.8 million funding transferred by the Governor from FY13 to FY14 toward other higher education priorities.

Student Financial Aid for Work Study – The Governor adds language to expand state student financial aid, allowing it to be used for the purpose of supporting work study programs. (Sec. 4-5.01, page 513) The House and Senate maintain the Governor’s proposal.

Two-year Transfer Grants – The Senate provides $250,000 in FY14 to increase eligibility for a two-year transfer grant by changing the estimated family contribution from $9,000 to $12,000. The change would support middle-income families and make approximately 400 additional students eligible in FY14. (Item 144, page 148)

Virginia Teaching Scholarship Loan Program – The Governor eliminates all funding ($708,000) in FY14 for the Virginia Teaching Scholarship Loan Program, which is designed to attract top students into the teaching profession. The Senate provides $1 million funding for the program. The House maintains the Governor’s proposal.
Medical Center Related

Medicaid Physician and Managed Care Liaison Committee – The House and Senate direct the Department of Medical Assistance Services to establish a Medicaid Physician and Managed Care Liaison Committee to ensure access to quality, cost-effective care through the Medicaid program. (Item 307, page 280)

Other

Changes in Reporting on Major Information Technology Projects – The Governor reduces required reporting in the Recommended Technology Investment Projects (RTIP) report. (Item 427, page 368) The House and Senate maintain the Governor’s proposal.

Elimination of Commonwealth Competition Council – The Governor eliminates the Commonwealth Competition Council and the associated savings recovery fund that was used by DPB to defray the costs of providing staff and operational support to the council. (Item 271, page 226) The House and Senate maintain the Governor’s proposal.

O&M for Southwest Virginia Higher Education Center – The Governor provides $117,500 general funds in FY14 to support half of the operating and maintenance costs for the Southwest Virginia Higher Education Center’s new research facility. The House eliminates the general funds, instead providing non-general fund authority for the operating and maintenance costs. The Senate maintains the Governor’s proposal.

Cyber-Security Accelerator – The House provides $2.5 million general funds to establish a cyber-security accelerator that will be managed by the Center for Innovative Technology (CIT). The CIT is directed to recruit companies for the accelerator regionally, and any participating company must agree to start and operate in the Commonwealth. Participating companies will be guided through a company initiation and development process supported by key cyber-security professionals, investors and technologists. (Item 423, page 365) The Senate provides $1.0 million for a cyber-security accelerator to be managed by the CIT.

Modeling and Simulation Initiatives – The House eliminates $520,000 previously designated in the original Appropriation Act for modeling and simulation initiatives. The funding will be redirected to the cyber-security accelerator fund. (Item 423, page 365)

Governor’s Budget Submission – The House adds language requiring the Governor to submit his amendments to the biennial budget using half-sheets rather than an executive budget document.

Commonwealth Research and Commercialization Fund – The Senate removes the restriction in the 2012-14 Appropriation Act that funding from the Commonwealth Research and Commercialization Fund cannot be used for an eminent researcher recruitment program. (Item 105, page 85)